

## SEMANTIC RELEVANCE: SYNONYMOUS. BENEFICIAL SIDES OF APPLYING SYNONYMS IN WRITING

**Matkarimova Shokhista**

English teacher Urgench State pedagogical Institute

**Siddikova Shakhnoza Khasanboy kizi**

Urgench state pedagogical institute, the student of  
the Faculty of Foreign philology and Literature  
e-mail: [shakhnozasiddikova@gmail.com](mailto:shakhnozasiddikova@gmail.com)

**Abstract:** The article discusses issues related to the criteria for determining synonymy language and the formation of syntactic synonyms in sentences and their classification.

**Key words:** synonyms, word choice, escape overusing words, repetitions

**Introduction:** Let's start! First of all, what's is a synonym?

Let's look through synonyms for *interesting*. As we know, the word *interesting* is the one of the most generally utilized that has the similar or the nearly the same words: *fascinating, engaging, attractive, amusing, entertaining, etc.*

Figure out how the meanings make a sense exactly; an example for the previous sentence, *fascinating* is a high rate of *interesting*, while *amusing* is more look like a minimal quantity of *interesting*. Just the same, the crucial conception is identical.

**Why the synonyms are necessary for us?**

There are two essential uses for the synonyms, that I will give more information in details by the following sentences:

- Knowing the more synonyms can increase word choice, or by choosing an exact word form what you are trying to explain and delivering a certain point is the best way for the listener.

- Synonyms are applied to escape overusing the alike words and repetition.

### 1. **Word choice**

Firstly, it is known that the synonyms are necessary to choose the suitable word. Let's go back our example for *interesting*. If you want to call episodes or something *interesting*, you have a chance to apply *fascinating* or *amusing* for it. Still and all, while *interesting, amusing, and fascinating* are all the same, there are available some muted varieties. *Amusing* has a tendency to have a lesser degree of *interesting*, while *fascinating* tends to have a more perfect degree of *interesting*.

For writing well it is essential to choose the accurate word form. By this way, it is possible to achieve a good writing samples. The differences between *interesting*, *fascinating* and *amusing* can influence the conversation, so if you say your game or idea was “*amusing*”, it has a little diverse meaning than if you say your game or idea was “*fascinating*”, even though they are synonyms.

Shortly, if you know more the synonyms, you will have a chance to choose the best word for what you you want to be in touch.

## **2.Escape overusing words**

The second reason why we always implement the synonyms is to escape using the similar words again and again.

For instance, let’s talk about a topic that you are writing a research paper about your *hometown*. If you use every sentence used the word *hometown*, your writing sample would be monotonous, and the reader might become bored with the text or not want to look at. At that time, you’d want to change your sentences with the synonyms of *hometown*: You can use common synonyms as *country*, *motherland*, *nation*, or *native land*.

By applying synonyms of the words in each new clause or sentence, your writing samples might be more attractive and lively. By this way, you have a chance to hold the reader’s attention. It helps you to write your work enjoyably.

In semantic section synonyms describe the word that has the similar (or almost similar) meaning as another word.

Now by the following sentences, we can look at a little variance.

1. Today I feel myself awful.
2. Today I feel myself terrible.

The word *awful* is used in the first sentence to refer to my condition and the word *terrible* is used in the second sentence to refer to the condition. As we can see, in both sentences two words are used to describe my condition. However, they have the similar meaning: *bad*. When it comes to the other words, *awful* and *terrible* are used as the synonyms of the *bad*.

Now, let’s look at the some examples of the synonyms:

- cheap – low-priced
- interesting – amazing
- beautiful – pretty
- so – very

In the literature section, the synonymy is the most important part of it. In the previous sentences it is meant that by the applying synonym words in literature writing, you have a chance to avoid reapeping words. The more synonyms you use, the more

vocabulary you will have. Additionally, the reader can understand your work or writing sample easily without any obstacles. If the article or works are written by applying previous rules, absolutely it will be great!

### REFERENCES

1. <https://www.grammarly.com>
2. <https://www.collinsdictionary.com>
3. <https://www.homework.study.com>
4. <https://www.studysmarter.us>