PREFIX "SE-" IN INDONESIAN

Murod Norkobilov G'ayrat O'gli

Teacher of English at Tashkent District Vocational School No. 1.

ABSTRACT

This article describes how the Indonesian language and Uzbek language occupy a place in our lives and aims to reveal the unique qualities of languages.

Key word: Uzbek language, Indonesian language, social phenomenon, language family, semantic-morphological, mother tongue, science, morpheme.

Language is a phenomenon that plays an extremely important role in human life. Also, language is a unique social phenomenon created by the society of people, serving it and always developing. We also know that languages are divided into several language families depending on the region where they are spoken and the history of their origin. If we take the Indonesian language as an example, the Indonesian language belongs to the "Austronesian, Malaya-Polynesian" language family.

If we look at the grammar of Indonesian, it is grammatically similar to English and mostly Malay in structure. We also know that there are several factors that contribute to language development. These are borrowing words from other languages, borrowing words from dialects, and making words with suffixes from words already in the language. It is a morpheme in the morphological department, i.e. it is a linguistic unit that has its own form and meaning, is not divided into other meaningful parts, and serves to make a word or form a word.

"A morpheme is a semantic-morphological unit that comes after a sound in the expression of a word, and is the smallest meaningful part of a word. A morpheme is the smallest meaningful part of a word that cannot be divided again, meaning both the lexical meaning and the grammatical meaning.

Morphemes are mostly affixed in Indonesian. For example, terama (men) terima, pelari (pe)lari, beruang (ber)uang, bukunya buku(nya), kenakat cantik(ke-an) and others. Also, in the Indonesian language, suffixes are mainly divided into awalan (prefix), sisipan (middle suffix), akhiran (postfix), konfix (prefix and postfix).

Let's analyze the prefix "se-" in Indonesian and see how it is used. Also, the prefix "se-" often forms an adjective from a noun. The prefix "se-" is added to words and means different things, and it is necessary to be able to distinguish them. We will consider them in turn as examples.

1. "Dalam satu tempat/waktu yang sama - in the meaning of something, place and age and time."

Contoh - for example

Seusia-same age (equal). Serumah means in one house.

Ali seusia dengan Tim – Ali and Tim are the same age.

Tim dan Usman tinggal serumah di Tashkent-Tim and Usman live in the same house in Tashkent.

2. Berarti comes in the meaning of satu-one.

Example

Sejam-an hour. Seminggu-one week

Saya sudah meneruzal teks ini dalam sejam - I finished translating this text in an hour.

Saya dan teman-teman saya sudah berkeliling bersama-sama kota Samarkand selama sekke- Me and my friends went for a walk around the city of Samarkand.

3. Sama dengan -dek, in the same sense.

Example

As smart as Sepintar. As long as you want

Tom Sepintar Ali-Tom is as smart as Ali.

Anwar sekaran sudah setinggi Bapaknya-Anwar is now as tall as his father.

4. Sebanyak atau Seberapa - as much as possible, as much as possible.

Contoh - for example

Sedapat- as much as possible. Sepoys - until satisfied.

Kerjakanlah sedapatmu-Work as much as you can.

Di sana kita dapat bermain sepuas hati-There we could play until we were satisfied.

5. Paling means most.

Example

Selambat-lambatnya-with the longest. At the very least

Kami semua akan berkunjingi Indonesia selambat-lambatnya tanggal 20 agustus-

We will visit Indonesia by August 20 at the latest.

At least 30 students failed the state exam.

6. Seluruh atau Segenap - whole, all.

Contoh - for example

Sedesa is the whole village.

Sepiat tahun kita sedasa sekurisat acara "Navruz"-Every year we celebrate the holiday of "Navruz" in the whole village.

There are also exceptional cases of the prefix "se-". Also, at first glance, these words may seem like the prefix "se-", but in fact, these words are hard words.

So these words: Sekaran - now Seluruh - whole Selamat-congratulation Serikat - state Sejarah- history Seperti-similar

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