

CREATION OF A NATIONAL SYSTEM OF EDUCATION

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ANNOTATSIYA

Shunday ekan, bu borada boshlagan islohotlarimizni davom ettirishimiz, ta'lim markazlariga borib, o'qituvchi va murabbiylar bilan ko'proq muloqot qilishimiz, ular tomonidan ko'tarilgan masalalarni birgalikda hal etishimiz, ta'lim-tarbiya ishlari sifatini oshirishimiz kerak. Endi ular 2023 yilga mo'ljallangan ustuvor vazifalarga e'tibor qaratishdi.

Kalit so'zlar: Ta'lim, inson, insonga e'tibor, sifatli ta'lim, o'qituvchi, maktab, ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, rivojlanish.

АННОТАЦИЯ

Поэтому нам следует продолжать начатые в этом плане реформы, выходить в образовательные центры, больше общаться с учителями и тренерами, совместно решать поднятые ими вопросы, улучшать качество воспитательной работы. Сейчас они сосредоточены на приоритетах на 2023 год.

Ключевые слова: Образование, человек, внимание к человеку, качественное образование, учитель, школа, социальное, экономическое, развитие.

ABSTRACT

Therefore, we should continue the reforms we started in this field, go to educational centers, communicate more with teachers and trainers, and jointly solve the issues raised by them to improve the quality of educational work. Now they focused on the priorities for 2023.

Keywords: Education, people, attention to people, quality education, teacher, school, social, economic, development.

The first direction. Our president proposed the transition to a compact and efficient state management system. Why am I starting the speech with the reform in this direction? said the head of state. It was necessary to establish new ministries and departments for six years to "get on the feet" of the sectors that were previously

neglected and on the verge of "disappearance". We had to do so, otherwise we would not have achieved what we have now. We have achieved great results in the fields of pre-school education, housing and communal services, "neighborhood" work, investment, public services, and public-private partnership. The development of the private sector and entrepreneurship has become an irreversible process. The activity of our population, the desire for modern technology and professions is increasing. New areas and sectors are being created in our economy every day.

In this regard, in order to further expand private initiatives, to open new perspectives for them, now is the time to move from "manual management" to systematic management that works for concrete results. It must be said frankly - there is a lot of duplication in the state apparatus today, and there are unnecessary states. Centralization is high. As a result, too much time, effort and resources are being spent on finding the right solutions to today's complex problems.

Ministers have, so to speak, "no voice" in the decisions taken by the Government. That is, their participation and responsibility in the preparation and implementation of these decisions is insufficient. Ministers no longer have the right to work in such an old-fashioned way. If the minister does not have clear visionary approaches in his field, if people's burdens are not lightened by his activities, tell yourself, what is the use of such a leader?

That is why I signed the Decree on new administrative reforms. We have prepared for this for a long time. At the first stage, the ministries will be reformed, and the government's work style will also be fundamentally changed. First of all, the number of ministries and agencies will be reduced from the current 61 to 28. Now, each ministry is responsible for the implementation of state policy in the relevant field and leads the committees, agencies and inspectorates within the sector. Many ministers change. It remains in the head of the ministers, who are knowledgeable in their field and work, who are knowledgeable about their law and work, and who are willing to be selfless citizens. I think this approach is good.

The second direction. We aim to build New Uzbekistan based on the principle of "social state". We must strengthen this in the Constitution. Social state means, first of all, equal opportunities to realize human potential, creation of necessary conditions for people to lead a decent life, reduction of poverty. Therefore, first of all, we will focus on supporting education, which is the biggest investment for New Uzbekistan. Salvation is in education, salvation is in upbringing, salvation is in knowledge. Because all good goals are achieved thanks to education and education.

These words of our enlightened grandfathers should become a practical action of our deputies and senators, political parties, local councils, the entire state apparatus, and the general public. Therefore, improving the quality of education in schools and

the prestige of the teaching profession in society, improving the conditions of teachers will be one of our main tasks in 2023.

I believe that it is necessary to define the status of teachers, their honor and dignity separately in the Constitution.

Next year, primary classes will be taught using textbooks created on the basis of a completely new methodology. Currently, they have passed international expertise and are being tested in our country. But what about the upper classes? It must be said openly that the quality of education and upbringing, the knowledge and skills of teachers are not up to the required level. It is necessary for our children to master their mother tongue and foreign languages and learn how to work on a computer. We should interest our children in professions, art and culture.

Students need to develop free and creative thinking, teamwork and communication skills. This is the kind of atmosphere that should enter our schools! In this regard, the establishment of the “A-level” educational program approved in 130 countries in Presidential schools is bearing fruit. In this process, each student is trained in-depth in specific directions, depending on his abilities, and the opportunities to enter prestigious universities of the world are expanded. Therefore, from 2023, we will begin to completely reform school education on the basis of international educational programs.

Separate scientific institutes and laboratories will be established for systematic implementation of these works, development of new textbooks, introduction of advanced educational standards and methods. Attention to our mother tongue, which is the symbol of our national identity and the basis of our spirituality, will be strengthened.

The current policy of openness, foreign investment and the increase of new enterprises encourage our youth to learn modern knowledge and foreign languages. Therefore, we are forced to bring highly qualified foreign teachers to schools. The next important direction in the field of education is to create all the necessary conditions for young people to acquire modern professions.

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The fourth direction is related to the fact that ecology, especially water issues, are becoming a global problem. We must think not only of today, but also of future generations. Therefore, we need to strengthen the requirements for the protection of

natural resources, including water bodies and underground reserves, in our Constitution.

The fifth direction. Introduction of free market mechanisms, ensuring healthy competition and inviolability of private property, supporting entrepreneurship should occupy a special place in the Constitution.

The sixth direction. We will further improve the conditions for increasing local and foreign private investments in the economy. We have managed to increase the volume of investments from 30 percent of GDP in the last six years. Next year, about 30 billion dollars of investment will be attracted, of which 25 billion dollars will be private investments. In particular, we will launch more than 300 projects with a total value of 8 billion dollars, and another 40 new large projects will start.

CONCLUSION

Based on the feedback, interview and observation during the training, the researcher concluded the participants perceived that the training that given improved their teaching skill. First, the teachers perceived positively about the activity. They felt happy to get new experiences. Second, the training should be followed up and the duration should be extended. Third, they have implemented the techniques that they have learnt in their English class. Fourth, they are motivated to be better in teaching effectively in the class and the last problems faced by teachers in implementing the techniques of cooperative learning were students have limited vocabulary and they were not confident to work in small groups.

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