COMPARATIVE STUDY OF STREET NAMES ING ENGLISH AND UZBEK LANGUAGES

Saparova Pokiza Mamatqul qizi

O'zDJTU 1- bosqich magistranti

E-mail: pokizasaparova14@icloud.com

ABSTRACT

This article presents a comparative analysis of street names in English and Uzbek languages, exploring historical, cultural, linguistic, and sociolinguistic influences. The study aims to uncover similarities and differences in street naming conventions, and it discusses the significance of street names as linguistic and cultural artifacts.

Key words: English-Uzbek languages Comparative study, Cultural influences, Historical influences, Linguistic analysis, Sociolinguistic aspects, Identity, Values.

ANNOTATSIYA

Mazkur maqola ingliz va oʻzbek tillaridagi koʻcha nomlarining qiyosiy tahlilini taqdim etadi, tarixiy, madaniy, va sosiolingvistik ta'sirlarni oʻrganadi. Shuningdek koʻcha nomlashda ikki tilning oʻxshash va farqi jihatlarini tahlil qiladi va koʻcha nomlarining adabiy va madaniy negizlari haqida ma'lumot beradi.

Kalit soʻzlari: koʻcha nomlari, ingliz, oʻzbek, qiyosiy tadqiqot, madaniy ta'sir, tarixiy ta'sir, til ta'siri, sosiolingvistik koʻrinishlar, identifikatsiya, qadriyatlar

АННОТАЦИЯ

Эта статья представляет собой сравнительный анализ улиц названиями на английском и узбекском языках, исследующий исторические, культурные, лингвистические и социолингвистические влияния. Исследование направлено на выявление сходств и различий в традициях именования улиц, и обсуждает значение уличных названий как лингвистических и культурных артефактов

Ключевые слова: Уличные названия, английский, узбекский, Сравнительное исследование, Культурные влияния, Исторические влияния, Лингвистический анализ, Социолингвистические аспекты, Идентичность, Ценности

This article delves into a comparative study of street names in English and Uzbek languages. The objective is to identify similarities and differences in street naming conventions and analyze the cultural and historical influences that have shaped them.

The research encompasses factors such as etymology, phonetics, semantics, and sociolinguistic aspects to understand how street names represent the identity and values of each language's speakers. Additionally, the article sheds light on the significance of street names as linguistic and cultural artifacts.

Street names are vital components of urban landscapes and reflect the cultural heritage and identity of a place. The names etched on street signs are not arbitrary; they are linguistic and cultural resources that embody historical, sociolinguistic, and phonetic significance. This article aims to compare the street naming conventions in English and Uzbek languages to comprehend the historical and cultural influences that have shaped them.

The historical and cultural factors influencing English street names are deeply rooted in the impact of monarchy, colonization, and urbanization. The influence of the Roman, Anglo-Saxon, and Norman occupations has shaped English street names, with historical figures, leaders, and geographical characteristics often commemorated. On the other hand, Uzbek street names have been shaped by the influence of empires, conquests, and linguistic evolution, depicting the historical and cultural influences of the region.

Linguistic Analysis of Street Names

In examining the linguistic aspects of street names, it is important to analyze the phonetic and morphological features as well as the semantics. English street names are rich in phonetic diversity and often reflect the historical variations in the language. On the other hand, Uzbek street names demonstrate a fusion of Turkic, Persian, and Arabic influences, creating a distinctive phonetic and morphological structure. The semantic analysis of street names reveals the symbolism and cultural values embedded in both English and Uzbek languages, reflecting the historical narratives and identity of the communities.

Sociolinguistic Aspects of Street Names

The study also delves into the sociopolitical and sociolinguistic factors influencing the naming of streets in both languages. In England, street names often reflect the sociopolitical influences of the time, with shifts in political power and societal values being mirrored in the renaming of streets. Similarly, in Uzbek-speaking regions, street names bear the imprint of sociopolitical changes, conquests, and the struggle for cultural and linguistic identity. Furthermore, street names serve as a tool for identity and representation, crystallizing the history, values, and aspirations of the communities in both languages.

In conclusion, the comparative study of street names in English and Uzbek languages underscores the linguistic, historical, and cultural differences and similarities between the two. Street names serve as linguistic and cultural artifacts that

reflect the rich tapestry of human history and society. Furthermore, this study provides insights into the significance of street names in representing the diversity, identity, and values of different communities. It also suggests further avenues for research in this field to deepen our understanding of street names as embodiments of language and culture.

REFERENCES:

- 1. "The Linguistics of Street Names: A Sociolinguistic Analysis" Amman, Jordan
- 2. "Phonetic and Morphological Analysis of Street Names in Different Languages" by Peter K Tan https://www.researchgate.net/publication/354135084_Street_name_changes_as_lang
- 3. Renaming of street names in Tashkent Uzbekistan https://www.goldenpages.uz/en/streets/

uage_and_identity_inscription_in_the_cityscape